CHAPTER 122

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## CHAPTER 122

(SB3)

AN ACT relating to drugs.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- → Section 1. KRS 218A.1446 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any [nonprescription] compound, mixture, or preparation containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers shall be dispensed, sold, or distributed only by a registered pharmacist, a pharmacy intern, or a pharmacy technician.
- (2) Any person purchasing, receiving, or otherwise acquiring any nonprescription compound, mixture, or preparation containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers shall:
  - (a) Produce a government issued photo identification showing the date of birth of the person; and
  - (b) Sign *an electronic*[a written] log or record showing the:
    - 1. Date of the transaction;
    - 2. Name, date of birth, and address of the person making the purchase; and
    - 3. The amount and name of the compound, mixture, or preparation.

Only an electronic logging or recordkeeping mechanism may be used in lieu of the written log or record described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, provided the mechanism is] approved by the Office of Drug Control Policy may be utilized to meet the requirements of this subsection. No pharmacy may dispense or sell any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers unless the electronic logging or recordkeeping mechanism required by this section is provided at no cost to the pharmacy.

- (3) An electronic[A] log or record, as described in subsection (2) of this section, shall be kept of each day's transactions. The registered pharmacist, a pharmacy intern, or a pharmacy technician shall initial the entry of each sale in the log, evidencing completion of each transaction. The log shall be:
  - (a) Kept for a period of two (2) years; and
  - (b) Subject to random and warrantless inspection by city, county, or state law enforcement officers [; and
  - (c) An electronic recordkeeping mechanism may be required in lieu of the written log or record described in subsection (2)(b) of this section if the costs of establishing and maintaining the mechanism are borne by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated by the Drug Enforcement and Professional Standards Branch and the Office of Drug Control Policy, pharmacies requesting an exemption to electronic reporting may file an exemption request to the above listed agencies. Any exemption may be granted upon a showing of imposition of additional cost by the pharmacy].
- (4) (a) Intentional failure of a registered pharmacist, a pharmacy intern, or a pharmacy technician to make an accurate entry of a sale of a product or failure to maintain the log records as required by this section may subject him or her to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation and may be evidence of a violation of KRS 218A.1438.
  - (b) If evidence exists that the pharmacist's, the pharmacy intern's, or the pharmacist technician's employer fails, neglects, or encourages incorrect entry of information by improper training, lack of supervision or oversight of the maintenance of logs, or other action or inaction, the employer shall also face liability under this section and any other applicable section of this chapter.
  - (c) It shall be a defense to a violation of this section that the person proves that circumstances beyond the control of the registered pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician delayed or prevented the making of the record or retention of the record as required by this section. Examples of circumstances beyond the control of the registered pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician include but are not limited to:

- 1. Fire, natural or manmade disaster, loss of power, and similar events;
- 2. Robbery, burglary, shoplifting, or other criminal act by a person on the premises;
- 3. A medical emergency suffered by the registered pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician, another employee of the establishment, a customer, or any other person on the premises; or
- 4. Some other circumstance that establishes that an omission was inadvertent.
- (5) No person shall purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire any product, mixture, or preparation or combinations of products, mixtures, or preparations containing more than *seven and one-fifth* (7.2)[nine (9)] grams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers within any thirty (30) day period *or twenty-four* (24) grams within any one (1) year period provided that either of these limits[provided this limit] shall not apply to any quantity of product, mixture or preparation dispensed pursuant to a valid prescription. In addition to the thirty (30) day and the one (1) year restrictions[nine (9) gram restriction], no person shall purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than three (3) packages of any product, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers during each transaction.
- (6) A person under eighteen (18) years of age shall not purchase or attempt to purchase any quantity of a *nonprescription* ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine product as described in subsection (1) of this section. No person shall aid or assist a person under eighteen (18) years of age in purchasing any quantity of a *nonprescription* ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine product as described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (7) The requirements of this section shall not apply to any compounds, mixtures, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers which are in liquid, liquid capsule, or gel capsule form or to any compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts or optical isomers which are deemed to be not subject to abuse upon joint review and agreement of the Office of Drug Control Policy, the Board of Pharmacy, and the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.
- (8) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a:
  - (a) Licensed manufacturer manufacturing and lawfully distributing a product in the channels of commerce;
  - (b) Wholesaler lawfully distributing a product in the channels of commerce;
  - (c) Pharmacy with a valid permit from the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy;
  - (d) Health care facility licensed pursuant to KRS Chapter 216B;
  - (e) Licensed long-term care facility;
  - (f) Government-operated health department;
  - (g) Physician's office;
  - (h) Publicly operated prison, jail, or juvenile correctional facility, or a private adult or juvenile correctional facility under contract with the Commonwealth;
  - (i) Public or private educational institution maintaining a health care program; or
  - (j) Government-operated or industrial medical facility serving its own employees.
- (9) The provisions of this section shall supersede and preempt all local laws, ordinances, and regulations pertaining to the sale of any compounds, mixtures, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers.
- (10) To be approved for use under this section, an electronic logging or recordkeeping system shall:
  - (a) Be designed to block the dispensing of any compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers, where the dispensing would exceed the quantity limitations established in this section or would be prohibited under Section 2 of this Act; and
  - (b) Allow unimpeded access by the Office of Drug Control Policy to any data stored in the system for statistical analysis purposes.

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- (11) The Office of Drug Control Policy shall prepare and submit to the Legislative Research Commission an annual statistical report on the sale of compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers, including state and county sale amounts and numbers of individual purchasers.
  - → SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 218A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Act, it shall be unlawful for a person convicted after the effective date of this Act of any offense in this chapter relating to methamphetamine or any offense in KRS Chapter 250 or 514 relating to anhydrous ammonia to possess or attempt to possess any compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers until five (5) years have elapsed from the later of:
  - 1. The date the person was convicted;
  - 2. The date the person was discharged from incarceration; or
  - 3. The date the person was released from probation, shock probation, parole, or other form of conditional discharge.
  - (b) Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Act, it shall be unlawful for a person convicted prior to the effective date of this Act of any offense in this chapter relating to methamphetamine or any offense in KRS Chapter 250 or 514 relating to anhydrous ammonia to possess or attempt to possess any compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers without a prescription until five (5) years have elapsed from the later of:
    - 1. The date the person was convicted;
    - 2. The date the person was discharged from incarceration; or
    - 3. The date the person was released from probation, shock probation, parole, or other form of conditional discharge.
- (2) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report monthly to the Office of Drug Control Policy for utilization in the electronic logging or recordkeeping mechanism required under Section 1 of this Act the conviction of any person for any offense in this chapter relating to methamphetamine or any offense in KRS Chapter 250 or 514 relating to anyhydrous ammonia, as well as the vacating, reversing, or overruling of any previously reported conviction. The information reported shall include:
  - (a) The defendant's name;
  - (b) The defendant's date of birth;
  - (c) The defendant's address;
  - (d) The defendant's identification number on a government-issued photographic identification document if available in the defendant's records readily available to the circuit clerk;
  - (e) Any offense or offenses specified in subsection (1) of this section for which the defendant was convicted;
  - (f) The defendant's date of conviction; and
  - (g) The defendant's sentence or, if applicable, that the conviction was reversed, overruled, or vacated.
- (3) A court convicting a defendant of an offense triggering the prohibition established in subsection (1) of this section shall inform the defendant of the restrictions contained in this section. Failure of a court to provide the information in accordance with this subsection shall not affect the validity of the prohibition.
- → Section 3. The Administrative Office of the Courts, the Department of Corrections, and the Parole Board shall provide to the Office of Drug Control Policy the data in their possession relating to offenders coming within the prohibition established in subsection (1)(b) of Section 2 of this Act as needed to allow the implementation of the blocking mechanism established in subsection (10) of Section 1 of this Act.

## Signed by Governor April 11, 2012.